

## Modular Multifunction Electronic Load PLZ-U SERIES

Two load models ( $75 \mathrm{~W} / 150 \mathrm{~W}$ ) and two frame models ( $3 \mathrm{ch} / 5 \mathrm{ch}$ ) High-speed response supporting a maximum slew rate of $2.4 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ (PLZ150U)

Minimum setting resolution of $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ70UA) or $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ150U)
$0-\mathrm{V}$ input operating voltage model (PLZ70UA)
Up to five load modules (same model) can be operated in parallel.
Frame control allows your system to be expanded to a multi-channel system configuration supporting up to 25 channels. Timer functions combined with time/voltage measurement functions enable battery discharge characteristic evaluations.

The system features sequence and switching functions and is provided with GPIB and RS-232C ports as standard.

# Modular Electronic Load! 

# For Testing Switching Power Supplies, Batteries, DC/DC Converters and Fuel Cells! 

The current trend in semiconductors is towards lower voltages and higher speeds. This trend places similar demands on both the components of semiconductor power units, such as switching power supplies, batteries and DC/DC converters, and also on the electronic loads used for testing. Also, a growing number of users with a need for multiple-output power units and easy channel reconfiguration are calling for plug-in type electronic loads that can be easily configured to support multiple channels. The advent of an electronic load system that satisfies all these needs has been long awaited. It was against this background that we developed the PLZ-U Series of electronic loads.

The PLZ-U Series of compact and
high-performance modular electronic loads is capable of operating in five modes: constant current, constant resistance, constant voltage, constant current + constant voltage, and constant resistance + constant voltage. The load system consists of load modules and a frame. The load modules are inserted into the frame that also serves as a control unit. The PLZ-30F frame can accommodate up to three load modules, while the PLZ-50F frame can accommodate up to five. The load modules can be operated in parallel, so that the current capacity or power capacity can be changed easily, from 75 to 750 watts ${ }^{* 1}$, as needed for the device under test. In addition to offering high-speed response at a maximum slew rate of $2.4 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{* 2}$ and a minimum setting
resolution of $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}^{* 3}$, the system features a variety of functions including soft start, variable slew rate, a switching function, ABC preset memory function, four setup memories, and a sequence function. What's more, timer functions combined with time/voltage measurement functions allow you to measure battery discharge characteristics.

For communication, the system is provided with GPIB and RS-232C interfaces as standard. Both interfaces support IEEE 488.2 as well as the Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) commands, developed for testing and measuring instruments.

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## Features

## Compact, lightweight body

The electronic load system is as wide as a 19 -inch rack with a height of 3 U . Weighing about 11 kg when configured for three channels or about 17 kg when configured for five channels, the system is compact, lightweight and space-saving.

## High-speed response

In constant current mode, the electronic load is capable of offering high-speed response at a slew rate of $2.4 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ at the rising and falling edges of the current (equivalent to about $10 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ when converted to the rise and fall times; in the case of PLZ150U). This allows transient response tests for direct current power supplies and simulations using dummy loads to be conducted under highly realistic load conditions.

## High precision and high resolution

The built-in three-range configuration provides both wide dynamic range and high precision. The voltmeter, ammeter and wattmeter functions that display values using up to five digits each and a minimum setting resolution of either $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ70UA) or $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ150U) are implemented.

## Variable slew rate

In constant current or constant resistance mode, the slew rate can be changed continuously. This helps suppress transient voltage drops due to wiring inductance, as well as transients in the constant voltage power supply and others, at the time of switching operation.

## O-V input

The PLZ70UA model operates even when the input operating voltage is 0 V . This feature is indispensable for testing single-cell fuel cells. The continuing trend toward lower power consumption and semiconductor process miniaturization is driving semiconductor devices to operate with increasingly lower voltages. This makes PLZ70UA suitable for use when evaluating such power supplies.

## Multi-channel system

PLZ-50F may be configured with up to five channels, and PLZ-30F may be configured with up to three channels. Isolated from each other, the channels can operate both independently and in synchronization. Different models of load units (PLZ150U and PLZ70UA) can be housed in a single frame.

## Parallel operation for increased capacity

Up to five load modules may be operated in parallel, provided that adjacent load modules are of the same model. For example, when five load modules are parallel connected in a PLZ-50F frame, the system can function as a 375 -watt load if the paralleled load modules are PLZ70UAs or as a 750-watt load if the paralleled load modules are PLZ150Us.

## Sequence function to enable load simulations

In constant current or constant resistance mode, sequence programs, each consisting of up to 255 steps, can be created with a minimum step execution time of 1 ms . A separate program can be run independently at the same time on a channel-by-channel basis.

## External control functions

You can activate the input of an external reference voltage and turn on or off the load for each channel individually. Through the frame control terminals, you can perform channel-synchronized ABC preset memory call, setup memory call, and load on/off operations.

## Frame control

You can connect two or more frames and use one of them to control the others (up to five frames can be connected at a time). This enables you to turn on or off the load and call preset values.

## Others

- A setup memory function is provided to save the panel settings.
- The $A B C$ preset memory function lets you preset the three most frequently used values.
- The system comes standard with GPIB and RS-232C communication ports.
- The analog-like rotary knobs and intuitive design make the system very easy to operate.
- The system has load input terminals and remote sensing terminals on its front and rear panels.
- The use of heat-sensitive, variable-speed fans and the pursuit of a more efficient cooling structure have resulted in high reliability and low noise.
- Six protection functions are provided, including over current protection (OCP), under voltage protection (UVP) and reverse connection protection (RVP).


## Explanation of the Panels




#### Abstract

Front-panel load input terminals These terminals are used to connect this system to the device to be tested. Identical sets of load input terminals are provided on the front and rear panels, and are connected in parallel inside the system.


Front-panel remote sensing terminals
Sensing lines are connected to these terminals. Identical sets of remote sensing terminals are provided on the front and rear panels, and are connected in parallel inside the system.

## LOAD key

## Range indicators

These indicators indicate the ranges of the CC, CR and CV operation modes.

## Operation mode indicators

These indicators represent the CC, CR and CV operation modes.

## ABC preset memory lamps

When data is called from the preset memory $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ or C , the corresponding LED illuminates.

## (7) Channel indicator

This indicator shows the channel number of the load module.

## (8) Measurement value display area

This area displays a pair of measurement values of the load module in conjunction with the module indicators. Pairs of measurement values that can be displayed are voltage/current, voltage/power, current/power, and elapsed time/alarm or load-off voltage.

## Unit indicators

The LED indicates the unit of the measurement value.

## SW/SEQ/EXT/ALM lamps

## DISP key

Pressing this key changes the pair of measurement values shown in the measurement value display area. You can switch among the following pairs of measurement values - voltage/current, voltage/power, current/power, and elapsed time/alarm or load-off voltage.

## INDEP key

This key is used to make the load module operate independently in connection with the load on/off and $A B C$ preset memory functions.

## LOAD key

Pressing this key turns on or off the current flow on all the channels simultaneously. This load on/off function does not take effect for those channels operating in independent mode.

## CC, CR and CV/+CV keys

These keys are used to select the operation mode. The selectable operation modes are CC, CR and $\mathrm{CV} /+\mathrm{CV}$.

## RANGE/V RANGE keys

These keys are used to select ranges
RANGE: Used to change the current/resistance range in each operation mode. Each time you press the RANGE key, the current range changes to the next one in the following order $-\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{M}$ and H .

V RANGE: In the CV, CC+CV or CR+CV mode, each time you press this key while holding down the SHIFT key, the range toggles between $L$ and $H$.

## SET key

This key is used to select whether the current, resistance or voltage value to be set. In the CC+CV or CR+CV mode, each time you press the SET key, the current or voltage value is selected alternately.

## (17) Range indicators

These indicators indicate the ranges of the CC, CR and CV operation modes.

## Channel indicator

This indicator shows the currently selected channel number that is being set.

## Set value display area

This area displays the set value, setup memory number, configuration value, etc.

## Unit indicators

The LED indicates the unit of the set value

## SW, SEQ and STORE lamps

These lamps illuminate when the switching mode is on, when the sequence mode is on and when the setup memory is waiting to store data, respectively.

A/B/C key

[^1]

## (1) <br> Rear-panel load input terminals

These terminals are used to connect this system with the device to be tested. They are connected to the load input terminals on the front panel in parallel inside the system.

Rear-panel remote sensing terminals
Sensing lines are connected to these terminals when compensating for voltage drops due to load wire resistance. Identical sets of remote sensing terminals are provided on the front and rear panels, and are connected in parallel inside the system.

## Air vents

Cooling fans expel air through these vents to keep the temperature inside the system constant. The rotation speed of the cooling fans are controlled according to the internal temperature.

Rear panel

## AC INPUT

$\qquad$

## GPIB

## 7 <br> FRAME CONT

This connector is used to perform load on/off, memory call and other operations from the outside.

## RS-232C

## 8 CH CONT

This connector is used to perform load on/off and external voltage reference control from the outside. It is also equipped with the terminals for current monitor output and power supply output for control.

## Performance and Functions

## High Basic Performance

## Five operation modes

The system is capable of operating in five modes - constant current, constant resistance, constant voltage, constant current + constant voltage and constant resistance + constant voltage.

| CC <br> (Constant Current) | CR <br> (Constant Resistance) | $\underset{\text { (Constant Voltage) }}{\text { CV }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{CC}+\mathrm{CV} \\ \text { (Constant Current } \\ \text { Constant Voltage) } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { (Constant Resistance } \\ \text { Constant Voltage) }}}{\text { CR + CV }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{0}{>}$ |  |  |  |

## Variable slew rate

The slew rate determines the slope of change in the current when the set current needs to change sharply as in a transient response test. This system lets you set the current change rate per unit time as appropriate for the selected current range.

## Slew rate

|  |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CC mode | H | 0.10 to $2.40 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | 0.05 to 1.20 A/ $/ \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | M | 0.10 to $0.24 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | 0.05 to $0.12 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | L | $24 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{*}$ | $12 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{*}$ |
| CR mode | H | 0.10 to $0.24 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ | 0.05 to $0.12 \mathrm{~A} / \mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | M | $24 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{*}$ | $12 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{*}$ |
|  | L | 2.4 mA/ $\mu \mathrm{s} *$ | $1.2 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{s}^{*}$ |
| Resolution |  | $0.01 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{\mu s}$ |  |

## High precision and high resolution

The built-in three-range configuration provides both wide dynamic range and high precision. The voltmeter, ammeter and wattmeter functions that display values using up to five digits each and a minimum setting resolution of either $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ70UA) or $20 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ (PLZ150U) are implemented.

## Measurement display resolution

|  |  | Resolution |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Voltmeter | 15.75 to 150 V | 0.01 V |
|  | 0 to 15.75 V | 0.001 V |
|  | H | 0.001 A |
|  | M | 0.0001 A |
|  | L | 0.01 mA |
| Wattmeter | Less than 100 W | 0.01 W |
|  | 100 W or more | 0.1 W |

## 0-V input

The PLZ70UA model operates even when the input operating voltage is 0 V . This feature is indispensable for testing single-cell fuel cells. The continuing trend toward lower power consumption and semiconductor process miniaturization is driving semiconductor devices to operate with increasingly lower voltages. This makes PLZ70UA suitable for use when evaluating such power supplies.

## Functions Available Only in Multi-Channel Systems

## Diverse load on/off operations

Both load units and frames have LOAD keys on them. The load on/off operations listed below are available. You can choose any of these operations as suitable for your operating environment.

| Load on/off operations |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Selected channel only | Operation using the LOAD key of the load unit |
| All channels simultaneously | Operation using the LOAD key of the frame |
| Load on delay | Turns on the load when the set time elapses after the <br> LOAD key is pressed. |
| Power on load | Turns on the load automatically when the system is <br> powered on. |
| Auto load off timer | Turns off the load when the set time elapses after the <br> load-on operation. |
| External control | Controls the load on/off operations using external <br> signals. |
| Elapsed time display | Displays the time that elapses from the moment the <br> load is turned on until it is turned off. |
| Load off voltage display | Stores the value of voltage recorded when the load is <br> turned off. |

## Channel-synchronized operations

You can have all the channels operated in synchronization for the load on/off, ABC preset memory, setup memory and sequence operations, respectively.
Channel-synchronized operations

| Load on/off | Turns on or off the load for all the channels <br> simultaneously. |
| :--- | :--- |
| ABC preset memory | Calls memory data for all the channels simultaneously. |
| Setup memory | Saves or calls memory data for all the channels <br> simultaneously. |
| Sequence | Executes or stops sequence programs for all the <br> channels simultaneously. |

## Frame control

By connecting two or more frames, you can perform channelsynchronized load on/off, ABC preset memory call and setup memory call operations for all the channels simultaneously while controlling up to four frames from a single frame.


## Support for Advanced Tests

## Parallel operation

Adjacent load modules of the same model installed in the same frame can be operated in parallel*. Parallel operated load modules are regarded as a single channel, and their total current and resistance (conductance) values are used as displayed and set values. Parallel operated load modules and standalone load modules can coexist in the same frame.

* PLZ-50F can accommodate up to five load modules.


When PLZ-50F houses one set of three parallel operated load modules and another set of two parallel operated load modules


M: Master
S: Slave
Standalone:
Standalone load module

When PLZ-50F houses one set of three parallel operated load modules and two standalone load modules

Number of parallel operated load modules and capacities

| Number of parallel operated load modules | PLZ70UA | PLZ150U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | $30 \mathrm{~A} / 150 \mathrm{~W}$ | $60 \mathrm{~A} / 300 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 3 | $45 \mathrm{~A} / 225 \mathrm{~W}$ | $90 \mathrm{~A} / 450 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 4 | $60 \mathrm{~A} / 300 \mathrm{~W}$ | $120 \mathrm{~A} / 600 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| 5 | $75 \mathrm{~A} / 375 \mathrm{~W}$ | $150 \mathrm{~A} / 750 \mathrm{~W}$ |

## Sequence function

The sequence function automatically executes a stored program step by step in constant current or constant resistance mode. You can set a value and an execution time for each step individually, which enables you to perform simulations with various waveforms. A separate program can be prepared for each channel, and the backup function retains these programs even if the system is powered off.


Sequence setting parameters

| Mode | CC or CR |
| :--- | :--- |
| Step execution time | 1 ms to $9999 \mathrm{~s}(0=$ End of the step $)$ |
| Maximum number of steps | 255 |
| Number of repetitions | 0 to $9999(9999=$ Repeated infinitely $)$ |

## Elapsed time display and auto load off timer

Combining four functions - elapsed time display, under voltage protection (UVP), load off voltage display and auto load off timer - makes it possible to perform two types of measurements that are useful in battery discharge tests - measurement of the time elapsed from the start of discharge until the final voltage is detected and measurement of the closed circuit voltage after the specified time elapses from the start of discharge.


V2: Voltage measured after the specified time elapses
V1: UVP detection voltage

T2: Auto load off timer
T1: Elapsed time display

## Switching function

Switching operations can be performed in constant current and constant resistance modes. The switching setting parameters are the switching level, switching frequency, duty factor and slew rate. These parameters can be changed while this mode is in operation.

## Switching setting parameters

| Duty factor |  | $2 \%$ to $98 \%$, in steps of $0.1 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frequency range |  | 1 Hz to 20 kHz |
| Frequency setting <br> resolution | 1 Hz to not higher than 1 kHz | 1 Hz |
|  | 1 kHz to not higher than 10 kHz | 10 Hz |
|  | 10 to 20 kHz | 100 Hz |

## Performance and Functions

## Soft start function

The soft start function allows the rise time of the current to be changed after the load-on operation in constant current mode. Since the rise time for the system can be changed according to the output-voltage rise time for the device being tested, you can conduct tests under highly realistic load conditions. (The soft start time can be selected from the following options $-0.1,1,3,5$, $10,30,100$ and 300 ms .)


## Remote sensing function

The remote sensing function compensates for voltage drops in load lines. It is used to set resistance and voltage values correctly and to make accurate voltage and power measurements. Particularly, the function improves the transitional characteristics in constant voltage and constant resistance modes, leading to stable operation.

## ABC preset memories

Three memories A, B and C are provided for each range in constant current, constant resistance and constant voltage modes, and the set values can be saved. The stored set values can be called freely even while the load is on and saved again. In the constant current + constant voltage and constant resistance + constant voltage modes, the constant current and constant voltage memories and the constant resistance and constant voltage memories can be called and saved, respectively.

## Setup memories

Up to four of the set values listed below can be saved in the setup memories. The set values are called or saved for all the channels simultaneously.

| - Operation mode (CC, CR and CV/+CV) |
| :--- |
| - Current, resistance and voltage values recorded when saved |
| - Slew rate setting |
| - Switching frequency, duty factor and level |
| - Soft start |
| - Configuration settings |
| - ABC preset memory data |
| - Auto load off timer |
| - Sequence |

## Configuration setting

This function configures the settings related to the system operation, communication environment, etc. These settings are stored in the system memory and called when the power is turned on.

> - Number of parallel operated load modules

- Operation mode in which the external reference voltage input is used
- Over current protection (OCP) load off function
- Over power protection (OPP) load off function
- Load on delay time
- Load on/off operation at the end of the sequence
- Polarity of load on external control (low/high)
- Load on/off operation at powering on
- Choice between GPIB and RS-232C
- GPIB address setting
- RS-232C communication speed


## Ease of operation

All the knobs and keys necessary for the setting operations are provided on the frame panel. You can perform the setting operations by one hand while viewing the measured voltage and current values displayed on a channel-by-channel basis. The analog-like rotary knobs, which employ rotation speed-sensitive encoders, and intuitive design make the system very easy to operate.

## Key lock function

This function locks the panel keys so that the set values, memory data, sequences and other settings cannot be changed.

## Numerous protection functions

The system features the following protection functions - over current protection (OCP), over power protection (OPP), overvoltage protection (OVP), under voltage protection (UVP), over heat protection (OHP) and reverse connection protection (RVP). Because the OCP, OPP and UVP values can be changed on a per-channel basis, you can optimize the protection settings for each device to be tested.

## Meeting System Application Needs

## External controls

External controls are provided using the frame connector (FRAME CONT) and each channel connector (CH CONT). The frame connector (FRAME CONT) lets you perform the channelsynchronized load on/off, ABC preset memory call, setup memory call, load status output and alarm status output
 operations. Also, using the channel connector (CH CONT), you can perform the external voltage reference control, load on/ off and input current monitor output operations.

## Support for GPIB and RS-232C

The system comes standard with GPIB and RS-232C interfaces. It also complies with the following standards:


- IEEE Std 488.2-1992 IEEE Standard Codes, Formats, Protocols, and Common Commands For Use With IEEE Std 488.1-1987
- IEEE Std 488.1-1987 IEEE Standard Digital Interface for Programmable Instrumentation
- TIA/EIA-232F
- Standard Commands fo rProgrammable Instruments (SCPI) version 1999.0

Pin assignment of connector 1 (valid when ENABLE is at the low level)

| No. | Signal name | Input/output | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | A |  | Calls preset memory A. |
| 2 | B |  | Calls preset memory B. |
| 3 | C |  | Calls preset memory C. |
| 4 | AUX |  | Reserved |
| 5 | MEMO |  | Call setup memory 0. |
| 6 | MEM1 | Input*1 | Call setup memory 1. |
| 7 | MEM2 |  | Call setup memory 2. |
| 8 | MEM3 |  | Call setup memory 3. |
| 9 | ENABLE |  | Enables load on/off, calling of preset memories A, B and C, and calling of setup memories 0 to 3.* ${ }^{* 2}$ |
| 10 | LOAD ON |  | Turns on the load. |
| 11 | N.C. |  |  |
| 12 | N.C. | N.C. |  |
| 13 | N.C. |  |  |
| 14 | N.C. |  |  |
| 15 | LOAD STATUS |  | Set to on when the load is on. |
| 16 | ALARM STATUS | Output*3 | Set to on when an alarm is present. |
| 17 | +5VIF |  | $5-\mathrm{V}$ maximum output current 100 mA |
| 18 | N.C. | N.C. | N.C. |
| 19 | GND | GND | GND (chassis potential) |
| 20 | GND |  |  |

*1 Input: Becomes active when set to the low level and is pulled up to 5 V at $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ (low-level input voltage $=0$ to 1 V ; high-level input voltage $=4$ to 5 V ). The signal becomes valid when ENABLE is set to the low level. When two or more signals are set to the low level for ABC preset memory call and setup memory call, the last one that is set to low is regarded as valid.
*2 When ENABLE is on, these operations from the panel are disabled.
*3 Output: Open collector output, output withstand voltage 30 VDC, output saturation voltage about 1.1 V , maximum output current 100 mA

Pin assignment of CH CONT connector 1

| No. | Signal name | Function |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | COM | Load input pin [-] (minus) pin potential |
| 2 | I MON | Load input current monitor output; 0 to $10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \%$ to $100 \%$ <br> of the rated current |
| 3 | EXT REF | External voltage reference input; 0 to $10 \mathrm{~V}, 0 \%$ to $100 \%$ of f.s |
| 4 | LOAD ON/OFF | Load on input. Whether to make this signal active at the <br> low or high level is determined by the polarity of load <br> on/off external control, which is among the configuration <br> settings. Pulled up to 5 V at $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. Low-level input <br> voltage $=0$ to 1 V ; high-level input voltage $=4$ to 5 V. |
| 5 | +12 V | 12-V internal power supply output. The maximum output <br> current is 50 mA. |

## Specifications

## Rating

| Model |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage (DC) |  |  | 1.5 V to 150 V | 0 V to 150 V |
| Current/power |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

*1 Minimum voltage at which the current starts flowing to the PLZ-U.
(The PLZ-U detects no signal at an input voltage less than or equal to approximately 0.3 V and an input current less than or equal to approximately $1 \%$ of the range rating. Therefore, if the input voltage is gradually increased from 0 V , no current will flow until 0.3 V is exceeded. If a current greater than or equal to $1 \%$ of the range rating starts flowing, the current can flow at voltages less than equal to 0.3 V .)

CC mode

|  |  | Model | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range | Range | H | 0 A to 30 A | 0 A to 15 A |
|  |  | M | 0 A to 3 A | 0 A to 1.5 A |
|  |  | L | 0 A to 300 mA | 0 A to 150 mA |
| Selectable range |  |  |  |  |
| Resolution | Range | H | 2 mA | 1 mA |
|  |  | M | 0.2 mA | 0.1 mA |
|  |  | L | 0.02 mA | 0.01 mA |
| Accuracy of setting | Range | H, M, and L | $\pm(0.2$ \% | /500 k $\Omega$ |
| Input voltage variation*2 | Range | H |  |  |
|  |  | M |  |  |
|  |  | L |  |  |
| Ripple |  | rms*3 | 3 mA | 7.5 mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{p}-\mathrm{p}$ * | 30 mA | 50 mA |

*1 Vin: Load input terminal voltage
*2 At a current greater than or equal to (Vin/500 k $\Omega$ )
*3 Measurement frequency bandwidth: 10 Hz to 1 MHz
*4 Measurement frequency bandwidth: 10 Hz to 20 MHz

## CR mode

|  |  | Model | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range | Range | H | PLZ150U OPEN to $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ (0 S to 20 S ) | OPEN to $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 10 S$)$ |
| The value inside parentheses |  | M | OPEN to $500 \mathrm{~m} \Omega(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 2 S$)$ | OPEN to $1 \Omega(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 1 S$)$ |
| is the conductance. *1 |  | L | OPEN to $5 \Omega(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 200 mS ) | OPEN to $10 \Omega(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 100 mS ) |
| Selectable range |  |  | $0 \%$ to 10 | f.s *2 |
| Resolution | Range | H | $0.2 \mathrm{mS}(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 2 S$)$ | $0.1 \mathrm{mS}(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 1 S $)$ |
| The value inside parentheses |  |  | 2 mS (2 S to 20 S ) | $1 \mathrm{mS}(1 \mathrm{~S}$ to 10 S$)$ |
| is the operating range. |  | M | $20 \mu \mathrm{~S}$ (0 S to 200 mS ) | $10 \mu \mathrm{~S}(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 100 mS ) |
|  |  |  | 0.2 mS ( 200 mS to 2 S ) | $0.1 \mathrm{mS}(100 \mathrm{mS}$ to 1 S$)$ |
|  |  | L | $2 \mu \mathrm{~S}(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 20 mS ) | $1 \mu \mathrm{~S}(0 \mathrm{~S}$ to 10 mS$)$ |
|  |  |  | $20 \mu \mathrm{~S}(20 \mathrm{mS}$ to 200 mS$)$ | $10 \mu \mathrm{~S}(10 \mathrm{mS}$ to 100 mS$)$ |
| Accuracy of setting*3 | Range | H, M, and L | $\pm(0.5$ \% of set*4 +0.5 | $\left.\mathrm{s}^{* 5}\right)+\mathrm{Vin} / 500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |

*1 Conductance $[\mathrm{S}]=$ (Input current $[\mathrm{A}] /$ input voltage $[\mathrm{V}])=(1 /$ resistance $[\Omega])$
*2 Conductance f.s
*3 Converted value in terms of the input current, during remote sensing
*4 set $=$ input voltage $\times$ specified conductance $=($ input voltage/specified resistance $)$
*5 f.s = Rated current of the specified range
CV mode

|  |  | Model | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating range | Range | H | 1.5 V to 150 V | 0 V to 150 V |
|  |  | L | 1.5 V to 15 V | 0 V to 15 V |
| Selectable range |  |  | 0 \% to $105 \%$ of f.s |  |
| Resolution | Range | H | 10 mV |  |
|  |  | L | 1 mV |  |
| Accuracy of setting | Range | H and L | $\pm(0.1$ \% of set +0.1 \% of f.s) |  |
| Input current variation*1 |  |  | 12 mV |  |

[^2]
## Voltmeter

| Model |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement range | 0 V to 150.0 V |  |  |
| Resolution | 15.75 V to 150 V | 0.01 V |  |
|  | 0 V to 15.75 V | 0.001 V |  |
| Measurement accuracy |  | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg +15 digits $)$ |  |

## Ammeter

|  |  |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Measurement range | Range | H | 0 A to 30 A | 0 A to 15 A |
|  |  | M | 0 A to 3 A | 0 A to 1.5 A |
|  |  | L | 0 mA to 300 mA | 0 mA to 150 mA |
| Resolution | Range | H | 0.001 A |  |
|  |  | M | 0.0001 A |  |
|  |  | L | 0.01 mA |  |
| Measurement accuracy |  |  | $\pm(0.2 \%$ of rdg $+0.3 \%$ of f.s) |  |

## Wattmeter*1

| Model |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Measurement range | 0 W to 150 W | 0 W to 75 W |  |
| Resolution | 100 W minimum |  | 0.01 W |
|  | 100 W or greater | 0.1 W |  |

*1 Product of the measured voltage and measured current

## Switching mode

| Model | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operation mode | CC and CR |  |
| Selectable frequency range |  | 1 Hz to 20 kHz |
| Duty cycle setting |  | $2 \%$ to $98 \%, 0.1 \%$ steps |
| Frequency resolution | 1 Hz to less than 1 kHz | 1 Hz |
|  | 1 kHz to less than 10 kHz | 10 Hz |
|  | 10 kHz to 20 kHz | 100 Hz |
| Accuracy of frequency setting |  | $\pm(0.5 \%$ of set) |

## Slew rate


*1 Fixed value
*2 Time to reach from $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ when the current is changed from $2 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated current of H range.

## Soft start

|  | Model | PLZ150U |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operation mode | CC |  |
| Selectable time range | $0.1,1,3,10,30,100$, or 300 ms |  |
| Time accuracy | $\pm(30 \%$ of set $+100 \mu \mathrm{~s})$ |  |

## Sequence function

| Model |  | PLZ150U | PLZ70UA |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sequence | Operation mode | CC and CR |  |
|  | Maximum number of steps | 255 |  |
|  | Step execution time | 1 ms to 9999 s |  |
|  | Number of loops | 1 to 9999 ( 9999 is infinite loop) |  |

## Specifications

Protection function

| Model | PLZ150U |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Overvoltage protection (OVP) | Turns off the load at $110 \%$ of the rated voltage |
| Overcurrent protection (OCP) | Set the value in the range of $0 \%$ to $110 \%$ of the rated current of H range. <br> Trips at the value or $110 \%$ of the rated current of the range, whichever is less. <br> The action taken when the OCP trips can be set to load off or limit. |
| Overpower protection (OPP) | Set the value in the range of $0 \%$ to $110 \%$ of the rated power of H range. <br> Trips at the value or $110 \%$ of the rated power of the range, whichever is less. <br> The action taken when the OPP trips can be set to load off or limit. |
| Overheat protection (OHP) | Trips when the heat sink temperature reaches $95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The action taken when the OHP <br> trips is to turn the load off. |
| Reverse connection protection (RVP) | Short-term protection provided by a short-circuit system using a protection diode. <br> The action taken when the OHP trips is to turn the load off. |
| Undervoltage protection (UVP) | Set the value to off or in the range of $0 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated voltage. <br> The action taken when the OHP trips is to turn the load off. |

## Communication function



## Inter-frame control and external control



## Remote sensing

|  | Model | PLZ150U |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$ PLZ70UA $\quad . \quad$.

## Miscellaneous

| Model | PLZ150U |
| :--- | :--- |
| ABC preset memories | Saves settings (A, B, and C) for each operation mode of each range |
| Setup memories | Saves four sets of setup parameters |
| Elapsed time display | Measures the time from when the load is turned on to when the load is turned off <br> $(0.1 \mathrm{~s}$ to 99999 s$)$ |
| Auto load off timer | Turns off the load after the specified time elapses (off or 1 s to 99999 s$)$ |
| Delayed load-on | Turns on the load after the specified time elapses (0 ms to $1 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{steps)}$ |
| Parallel operation | Possible between adjacent load units (same model) in the frame. |

## External analog control

|  | Model |
| :--- | :---: |
| Power output | PLZ150U |
| External voltage control input*1 | 12 V and maximum output current of 50 mA. |
| Load-on input. | $0 \%$ Operates in CC, CR, and CV modes. $100 \%$ of f.s in the range of 0 V to 10 V. |
| Current monitor output | Low active (or high active), pull up to 5 V using $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$. |
| Common | Low level input voltage: 0 V to 1 V , high level input voltage: 4 V to 5 V |

*1 The time for updating the setting in CR or CV mode is approximately 100 ms .

## General Specifications



[^3]
## External Dimensions and Rack Mounting



Unit: mm


| PLZ70UA <br> (0 V input type) <br> H range |  | PLZ150U <br> (1.5 V input type) <br> H range |   |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLZ70UA <br> (0 V input type) <br> M range |  | PLZ150U <br> (1.5 V input type) <br> M range |   |
| PLZ70UA <br> (0 V input type) <br> L range |  | PLZ150U <br> (1.5 V input type) <br> L range |   |

## Ordering Code

## PLZ-U Series Component

| Product neme | Model name | Remarks |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Load Unit | PLZ70UA | $75 \mathrm{~W} / 15 \mathrm{~A}, 0 \mathrm{~V}-150 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Load Unit | PLZ150U | $150 \mathrm{~W} / 30 \mathrm{~A}, 1.5 \mathrm{~V}-150 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Frame $(3 \mathrm{ch})$ | PLZ-30F | accommodating up to 3ea load modules |
| Frame $(5 \mathrm{ch})$ | PLZ-50F | accommodating up to 5ea load modules |

Ordering code * Please inquire by following code

| Model name | Frame model | PLZ70UA | PLZ150U | Total number of unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLZ30F-70UA0-150U1 | PLZ-30F | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| PLZ30F-70UA0-150U2 |  | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| PLZ30F-70UA0-150U3 |  | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| PLZ30F-70UA1-150U0 |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| PLZ30F-70UA1-150U1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| PLZ30F-70UA1-150U2 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| PLZ30F-70UA2-150U0 |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| PLZ30F-70UA2-150U1 |  | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| PLZ30F-70UA3-150U0 |  | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| PLZ50F-70UA0-150U1 | PLZ-50F | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| PLZ50F-70UA0-150U2 |  | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| PLZ50F-70UA0-150U3 |  | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| PLZ50F-70UA0-150U4 |  | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| PLZ50F-70UA0-150U5 |  | 0 | 5 | 5 |
| PLZ50F-70UA1-150U0 |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| PLZ50F-70UA1-150U1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| PLZ50F-70UA1-150U2 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| PLZ50F-70UA1-150U3 |  | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| PLZ50F-70UA1-150U4 |  | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| PLZ50F-70UA2-150U0 |  | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| PLZ50F-70UA2-150U1 |  | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| PLZ50F-70UA2-150U2 |  | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| PLZ50F-70UA2-150U3 |  | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| PLZ50F-70UA3-150U0 |  | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| PLZ50F-70UA3-150U1 |  | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| PLZ50F-70UA3-150U2 |  | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| PLZ50F-70UA4-150U0 |  | 4 | 0 | 4 |
| PLZ50F-70UA4-150U1 |  | 4 | 1 | 5 |
| PLZ50F-70UA5-150U0 |  | 5 | 0 | 5 |

Options * for connection between frames

| Control Flat Cabel |
| :---: |
| PC01-PLZ-4W (300mm) |
| PC02-PLZ-4W $(550 \mathrm{~mm})$ |

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[^0]:    *1 When five PLZ150U units are installed in a PLZ-50F frame
    *2 For the PLZ150U
    *3 For the PLZ70UA

[^1]:    The three preset values A, B and C can be saved and called on a channel-by-channel basis.

[^2]:    *1 During remote sensing

[^3]:    *1 In products that have load units installed, blank panels are installed in the empty slots. In products that contain the frame alone, the maximum number of blank panels are installed.
    *2 Only on models that have CE marking on the panel.
    *3 Not applicable to custom order models.
    *4 This unit is a Class 1 device. Be sure to ground the protective conductor terminal of the unit. The safety of the unit is not guaranteed unless the unit is grounded properly.

